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Running Title: Acanthocephala of Arkansas Fishes

Although there are reports of acanthocephalans from Arkansas game fishes (Becker et al. 1966, Becker and Houghton 1969, Bone 1974, Becker and Cloutman 1974, Cloutman 1975) little is known about the acanthocephalan (thorny-headed worm) parasites of non-game fishes of Arkansas. McAllister et al. (2008, 2014a) reported acanthocephalans from the Pirate Perch, *Aphredoderus sayanus* from the Caddo River, Clark County, and Rolling Fork River, Sevier County, respectively. In addition, McAllister et al. (2014a) reported unknown cystacanths in Blackspot Shiner, *Notropis atrocaudalis* and Yellow Bullhead, *Ameiurus natalis* from Nix Creek at Texarkana, Miller County. McAllister et al. (2014b) reported *Acanthocephalus tahlequahensis* in the Banded Sculpin, *Cottus carolinae* from Flint Creek, Benton County. More recently, McAllister et al. (2016) found unknown cystacanths in Northern Studfish (*Fundulus catenatus*) from Crooked Creek, Marion County. We are not aware of additional reports of acanthocephalans from non-game Arkansas fishes (see Hoffman 1999). Here, we report five new host records as well as two new distributional records for acanthocephalans from non-game fishes of the state.

Between March and June 2014, the following 20 fishes were collected from the Arkansas (Benton County) and White River (Independence County) drainages and examined for helminth parasites (sample sizes in parentheses): **CATOSTOMIDAE**: Highfin Carpsucker, *Carpionodes velifer* (2), Black Redhorse, *Moxostoma duquesnei* (1); **CENTRARCHIDAE**: Shadow Bass, *Ambloplites ariommus* (1); **CYPRINIDAE**: Central Stoneroller, *Campostoma anomalum* (11); **ICTALURIDAE**: Slender Madtom, *Noturus exilis* (5). Fishes were collected with backpack electrofishers, dipnets or 6.1 m seine (3.2 cm mesh).

They were placed in habitat water and necropsied within 24 h. We followed accepted guidelines for the use of fish in research (AFS 2004) and specimens were overdosed with a concentrated Chloretone solution, measured for total length (TL) and a mid-ventral incision from anus to gill slit was made to expose the gastrointestinal tract and other internal viscera which was removed, placed in a Petri dish containing 0.6% w/v saline and examined with a stereomicroscope. Acanthocephalans were placed in dishes containing distilled water overnight, transferred to 70% v/v ethanol and sent to MAB for identification. They were stained with acetocarmine and mounted in Canada balsam. Voucher specimens were deposited in the Harold W. Manter Laboratory (HWML) of Parasitology, University of Nebraska-Lincoln. Host voucher specimens were preserved in 10% v/v formalin, transferred to 40% v/v ethanol, and deposited in the fish collection of Henderson State University Museum (HSU), Arkadelphia. Prevalence, mean intensity, and range of infection are provided and are in accordance with terminology given in Bush et al. (1997).

We collected four species of acanthocephalans from the intestinal tract of five species of fishes. The following is an annotated list of data as follows: host and TL (mean \pm 1SD range, when available), prevalence, intensity (mean \pm 1SD range, when available), collection site, collection date, HWML accession number.

Acanthocephala: **Palaeacanthocephala:**
Echinorhynchidae: *Acanthocephalus tahlequahensis*
Oetinger and Buckner, 1976

Ambloplites ariommus 35 mm TL, 1/1 (100%), 1 worm, collected on 20 Mar., 2014 from Flint Creek off

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Fairmont Road at Springtown, Benton County (36°15'9.9"N, 94°26'25.8"W), HWML 75382.

Noturus exilis 75 mm TL, 1/5 (20%), 1 worm, collected on 20 Mar., 2014 from Flint Creek S of Gentry off US 59, Benton County (36°14'33.8"N, 94°29'14.9"W), HWML 75383.

The type host of *A. tahlequahensis* is the Sunburst Darter, *Etheostoma mihileze* (formerly *E. punctulatum*) from Black Fox Creek, Cherokee County, Oklahoma (Oettinger and Buckner 1976). Other reported hosts include the Redspot Chub (*Nocomis asper*), Cardinal Shiner (*Luxilus cardinalis*, formerly *Notropis pilsbryi*), and Orangethroat Darter (*Etheostoma spectabile*) (Oettinger and Buckner 1976). As noted previously, McAllister (2014b) reported *A. tahlequahensis* from *C. carolinae* from Flint Creek. However, McAllister et al. (2015) did not report *A. tahlequahensis* from 43 *N. exilis* collected between 2012–2013 from Benton, Marion and Searcy counties. Obviously, there is little host specificity as this acanthocephalan has now been reported from fishes in the families Centrarchidae, Cottidae, Cyprinidae, Ictaluridae and Percidae. Thus, we document two new host records for *A. tahlequahensis*.

Eoacanthocephala: Neoechinorhynchida: Neoechinorhynchidae: *Neoechinorhynchus* sp.

Moxostoma duquesnei 382 mm TL, 1/1 (100%), 1 male worm, collected 5 Apr., 2014 from below Lock and Dam #1, White River at Batesville, Independence County (35°45'20.8"N, 91°38'17.3"W), HWML 75375.

Unfortunately, without females, we are unable to identify this worm beyond genus. However, this is the first time any acanthocephalan has been reported from *M. duquesnei*; therefore, we document a new host record.

***Neoechinorhynchus prolixus* Van Cleave and Timmons, 1952**

Carpionodes velifer 280 mm TL, 1/2 (50%), 4 female worms, collected 5 Apr., 2014 from below Lock and Dam #1, White River at Batesville, Independence County (35°45'20.8"N, 91°38'17.3"W), HWML 75374.

This acanthocephalan was described by Van Cleave and Timmons (1952) from River Carpsucker, *Carpionodes carpio* from Oklahoma. It has also been reported from Shorthead Redhorse, *Moxostoma macrolepidotum*, Fathead Minnow, *Pimephales promelas*, Quillback, *Carpionodes cyprinus* and *C. carpio* from Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota and Oklahoma (Self and Timmons 1955, Kritsky et al. 1972, Barnhart et al. 1976, Samuel et al. 1976, Holloway and

Hagstrom 1981, Nickol and Samuel 1983, Forstie and Holloway 1984). We report a new host record as well as a new distributional record for *N. prolixus*.

***Paulisentis* sp.**

Campostoma anomalum 152.0 ± 6.3, 145–160 mm TL, 4/11 (36%), 5.8 ± 6.2, 4 males, 7 females, collected on 13 Jun., 2014 from Flint Creek off Fairmont Road at Springtown, Benton County (36°15'9.9"N, 94°26'25.8"W), HWML 75373.

Our specimens exhibit morphological characteristics shared by *Paulisentis fractus* Van Cleave and Bangham and *Paulisentis missouriensis* Keppner (Van Cleave and Bangham 1949, Keppner 1974). Unfortunately, without additional specimens, we cannot determine what species of *Paulisentis* is present at this time. However, we document a new host and distributional record for *Paulisentis* sp.

In conclusion, we document new information on acanthocephalan parasites of non-game Arkansas fishes while also adding to information on their helminths, which we know little about. With additional surveys, we expect to increase the acanthocephalan fauna of the state as well as possibly providing description of new species.

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